

No. 1130. Libraries—Number by Type: 1980 to 2000

Type	1980	1985	1990	2000	Type	1980	1985	1990	2000
Total ¹	31,564	32,323	34,613	37,024	Junior college . . .	1,191	1,188	1,233	1,283
United States . . .	28,638	29,843	30,761	32,914	Colleges, universities . . .	3,400	3,846	3,360	3,494
Public	8,717	8,849	9,060	9,480	Departmental . . .	1,489	1,824	1,454	1,454
Public branches . . .	5,936	6,330	5,833	6,957	Law, medicine, religious . . .	269	531	501	418
Special ²	7,649	7,530	9,051	9,948	Government	1,260	1,574	1,735	1,411
Medicine	1,674	1,667	1,861	1,955	Armed Forces	485	526	489	341
Religious	913	839	946	1,015	Outlying areas . . .	113	114	110	(NA)
Law ³	417	435	647	1,172					
Academic	4,591	5,034	4,593	4,777					

NA Not available. ¹ Includes Canadian libraries, and libraries in regions administered by the United States, not shown separately. Data are exclusive of elementary and secondary school libraries. Law libraries with fewer than 10,000 volumes are included only if they specialize in a particular field. ² Includes other types of special libraries, not shown separately. Increase between 1985 and 1990 is due mainly to revised criteria for identifying special libraries and improved methods of counting. ³ Increase in 2000 due to increased effort in identifying special libraries.
Source: Information Today, Inc., Medford, NJ, *The Bowker Annual Library and Book Trade Almanac* and *American Library Directory*, annual. (Copyright 2001 by Information Today, Inc.)

No. 1131. Public Libraries by Selected Characteristics: 2000

[7,703 represents \$7,703,000,000. Based on survey of public libraries. Data are for public libraries in the 50 states and the District of Columbia. The response rates for these items are between 98 and 99 percent]

Population of service area	Number of—		Operating income—			Paid staff ³		
	Public libraries	Stationary outlets ¹	Source (percent)			Total	Librarians with ALA-MLS ⁴	Libraries with Internet access
			Total (mil. dol.) ²	State government	Local government			
Total	9,074	16,298	7,703	12.8	77.1	130,102	29,519	8,638
1,000,000 or more	24	987	1,133	10.0	77.1	16,005	4,607	24
500,000 to 999,000	52	1,102	1,252	16.5	74.7	18,464	4,727	52
250,000 to 499,999	90	1,037	859	13.0	79.0	13,687	3,441	90
100,000 to 249,999	323	1,974	1,246	11.6	80.2	21,805	4,858	323
50,000 to 99,999	522	1,612	968	15.2	76.0	16,926	3,761	521
25,000 to 49,999	877	1,680	907	13.3	78.0	16,241	3,710	872
10,000 to 24,999	1,741	2,228	838	11.3	76.7	15,479	3,194	1,723
5,000 to 9,999	1,467	1,642	288	11.0	74.4	6,135	870	1,445
2,500 to 4,999	1,346	1,392	120	6.8	74.2	2,871	235	1,301
1,000 to 2,499	1,629	1,841	71	6.3	65.8	1,848	98	1,520
Fewer than 1,000	1,003	1,003	21	7.0	62.6	640	18	767

¹ The sum of central and branches libraries. The total number of central libraries was 8,915; the total of branch libraries was 7,383. ² Includes income from the federal government (0.7%) and other sources (9.4%), not shown separately. ³ Full-time equivalents. ⁴ Librarians with master's degrees from a graduate library education program accredited by the American Library Association (ALA). Total librarians, including those without ALA-MLS, were 43,818.
Source: U.S. National Center for Education Statistics, *Public Libraries in the United States: 2000*, NCES 2002-344, July 2002.

No. 1132. Public Library Use of the Internet: 2000

[In percent, except number of outlets. As of spring. Based on sample survey; see source for details]

Item	Metropolitan status ¹				Poverty status ²		
	Total	Urban	Sub-urban	Rural	Less than 20 percent	20 to 40 percent	More than 40 percent
All libraries outlets ³	16,004	2,742	4,764	8,498	12,847	2,832	325
Connected to the Internet	95.7	98.3	98.5	93.3	95.6	96.3	92.8
Connected with public access	94.5	97.7	97.3	91.9	94.3	95.8	93.5
Average number of workstations	8.3	17.3	8.7	4.9	7.3	12.3	7.2
Speed of access:							
Less than 56kpbs	5.8	1.0	2.5	9.4	6.7	2.6	0.0
56kpbs dial-up	15.5	1.0	7.4	25.3	17.7	5.7	16.2
56kpbs direct connect	25.0	10.0	25.6	29.8	24.4	27.6	26.3
Greater than 56kpbs	53.6	88.2	64.6	35.4	51.3	64.1	57.4
Special software/hardware for persons with disabilities on—							
All workstations	8.5	8.7	7.0	9.3	5.8	20.4	7.5
Some workstations	20.3	26.6	23.9	6.1	18.5	29.6	10.5
No workstations	71.2	64.7	69.1	74.6	75.7	49.9	82.0
On public access workstations—							
No Internet filtering/blocking	75.5	70.8	69.8	80.4	75.9	73.3	77.9
Internet filtering/blocking on some stations	15.0	18.5	21.8	9.7	14.6	16.7	14.5
With acceptable use policies	95.5	96.8	97.1	94.0	94.7	99.4	91.7
With acceptable use policies which differentiate between users (e.g. adults and children)	43.6	31.4	41.1	49.2	43.2	43.9	53.8

¹ Urban = inside central city; Suburban = in metro area, outside of a central city; Rural = outside a metro area. ² Determined by the 1990 poverty status of the service area of the outlet. ³ Central libraries and branches; excludes bookmobiles.
Source: National Commission on Libraries and Information Science, Washington, DC, *Public Libraries and the Internet 2000: Summary Findings and Data Tables*, September 2000, by John Carlo Bartot and Charles R. McClure, Florida State University, Tallahassee, FL.